



The Ultimate Flat Roofing System

**RubberBond FleeceBack™ EPDM flat and low slope
roofing system**

Handy Technical Installation Guide

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1. Introduction

This guide is designed to assist the contractor when working with RubberBond FleeceBack EPDM. The information contained within this guide is intended to provide a basis for planning material application and installing RubberBond FleeceBack membranes.

This guide is not a replacement for RubberBond FleeceBack EPDM in-house or on-site training necessary for any recognised installer of the system.

Contractors are responsible for ensuring that they are in possession of up-to-date technical information. Local codes of practice and applicable regulations should be complied with at all times.

The installation details have been carefully collated based on current knowledge and we cannot accept responsibility for any omissions. For further detailing information and application advice on individual projects, please consult with our Technical Department.

The information in this publication is based on our experience and test results and is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief, at the time of printing. No claims for compensation may be derived from it. We reserve the right to make changes in accordance with our policy of constantly seeking technical advancement and ever-higher standards of quality.

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2. Installers Preparations

2.1. General membrane installation tools

Utility knife. Hook and straight blades

Scissors

Brooms. Soft & stiff

Squeegee

228mm medium pile roller on pole (Deck Adhesives)

Squeegee

25-50mm brushes for HP250 primer

50-76mm brushes/ 100mm Roller (Contact Adhesive)

Gloves

Steel Hand Roller

Stirrers for contact adhesive and for HP250 primer.

2.2. RubberBond Material Precautions

- Ensure storage area for RubberBond materials is cool, dry and well ventilated. Do not expose to freezing conditions. Range 5°C-25°C
- Protect all materials from sources of heat, flame or sparks in storage and use.
- Whisk HP250 primer and stir contact adhesive to agitate any sediment before and during use.
- Suitably ventilate confined areas to ensure safe working conditions.

2.3. Weather Precautions

- Stop work and protect unfinished areas in wet conditions.
- WBA may only be used when temperatures remain above 5°C for 24hrs.
- PU deck adhesive may be used at temperatures below 5°C.
- PS tape must be warmed to a minimum of 37 °C (body temperature) prior to use.
- Primed area must be warmed when installing PS tapes below 5°C.
- Colder conditions increase cure time of adhesives and HP250 primer. Allow extra time.
- Adhesives and HP250 primer should only be applied to dry surfaces.



3. Substrate Considerations

3.1. Considerations table.

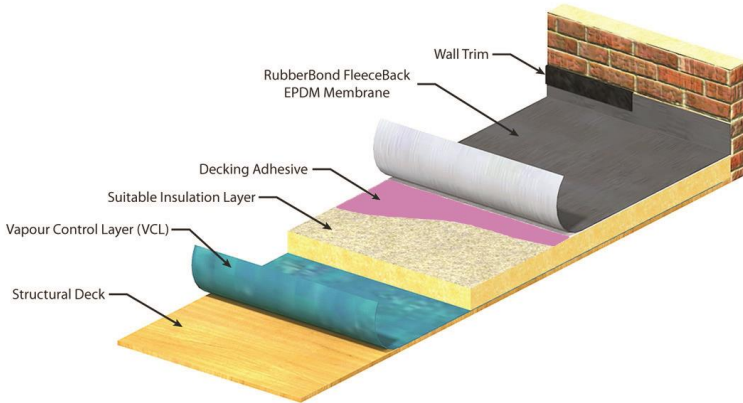
To ensure a quality finished roofing system, some basic steps must be taken to give a smooth, even finished surface.

Conditions	Description
Surface condition	Surface to be free of sharp edges, all fixings level with surface.
Standing water	Ponding does not affect the lifespan of the system, however it is good practice where possible to alter the substrate to create a positive slope prior to laying the RubberBond material.
Moisture	If the area to be bonded has been open to weather conditions, water, frost, ice, or snow must be cleared from the relevant surface and the substrate allowed to dry completely.
Preparation	All areas (deck and upstand) to be adhered must be swept clean of dirt, stones, and dust. The use of adhesives on dusty surfaces will reduce bond strengths between the RubberBond and substrate.
Substrate Voids	Less than 5mm are acceptable. Fill voids over 5mm with suitable material or over deck.
Insulation	Ensure that the membrane is installed over a suitable insulation. Foil faced boards cannot be bonded to directly.
VCL	If installing insulation to create a warm roof system, ensure a suitable VCL (Vapour Control Layer) is provided.

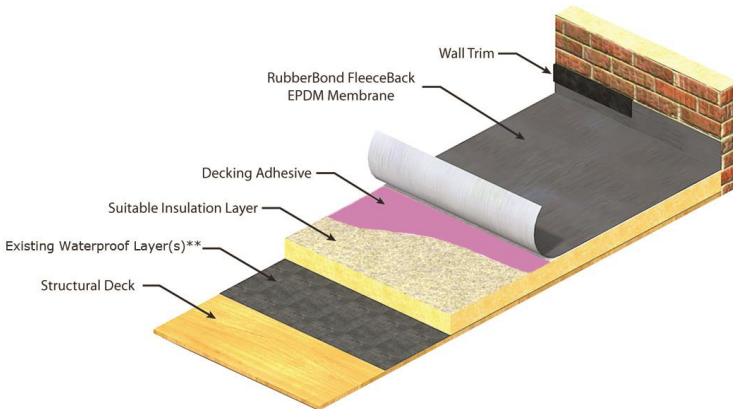
3.2. Roof Assemblies.

The following images are indicative of the required build ups when installing RubberBond FleeceBack.

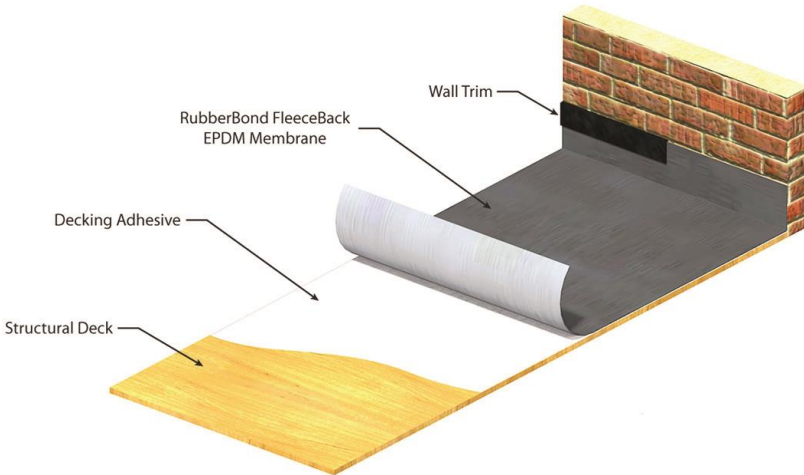
- Warm Roof New assembly.
For information on suitable VCL options contact the Flex-R Technical Department



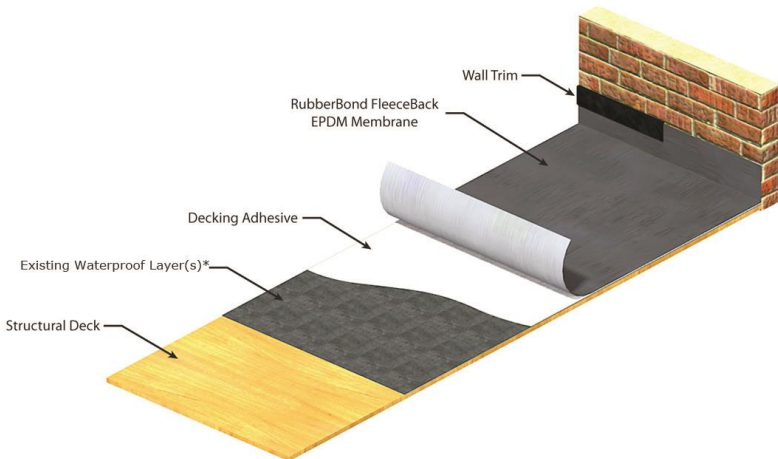
- Warm Roof Overlay assembly.
For information on suitability of existing substrates to create VCL contact the Flex-R Technical Department.



- Cold Roof New assembly.
For information on suitable substrate options contact the Flex-R
Technical Department.



- Cold Roof New assembly.
For information on suitable substrate options contact the Flex-R
Technical Department.



4. Installation

4.1. General Guidelines

- Determine membrane layout to minimise wastage of materials.
- Check all measurements before cutting the sheet membrane.
- Position sheets as close as possible to finished location, allowing sufficient material for terminations.

4.2. Fully Adhered Membrane: Water Based Acrylic (WBA)

For deck/field sheet.

Suitable for timber, concrete, non-coated asphalt & mineral overlay.

Not suitable for tissue faced insulation.

The area to be bonded must be dry and free from dirt & loose materials.

- When deck preparation is complete:

If using plastisol metal trim install 50mm x 25 mm treated batten to form upstands on non run-off edges. At gutter edges, install batten level with decking on front of fascia to create a drip edge.

If using Sure Edge trim omit batten edges

For edge trims see 9.0

- Cut RubberBond EPDM to size allowing minimum 50mm excess at all perimeters. Lay in correct position. When laying more than one sheet of material, mark edges on the deck to give accurate glue lines. Fold or roll back the material to the mid-point.



- Working from the membrane, apply deck adhesive with a medium pile roller (228mm on a pole), to achieve a smooth, even application. Stop the deck adhesive 50mm from any upstand. Apply the adhesive up to the gutter edge.



- To adhere RubberBond EPDM walk or roll the material into the adhesive. WBA requires the membrane be installed when wet. **Do not allow the adhesive to tack off.**



- To ensure bond, push the air out from under the membrane using a squeegee. Begin from the glue point, working in 1m across the width of the sheet. Continue till run is complete.



4.3. Fully Adhered Membrane: Polyurethane (PU)

For deck/field sheet.

Suitable for timber, concrete, non-coated asphalt, mineral overlay & tissue faced insulation.

Available in roller applied or spray applied format.

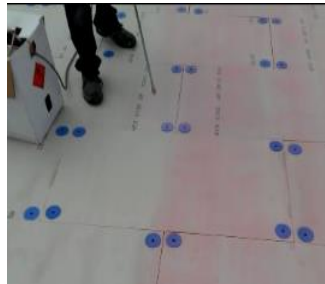
The area to be bonded must be dry and free from dirt & loose materials.

Roller Applied

- Follow the instructions for preparation of deck and layout of membrane as per WBA.
- Apply PU adhesive in beads to deck and roll/spread the adhesive to achieve full coverage. Care must be taken to spread adhesively thinly.
- Allow adhesive to foam slightly. This will take approximately 10 minutes at 20°C. Reaction will slow as temperatures become lower.
- Once adhesive is tacky, follow the instructions for membrane installation as WBA method

Spray Applied

- Follow the instructions for preparation of deck and layout of membrane as per WBA.
- Spray PU adhesive onto deck surface in a uniform, even coat at a rate of 5 seconds/linear metre.
- Allow adhesive to foam slightly. This will take approximately 10 minutes at 20°C. Reaction times will slow as temperatures become lower.
- Once adhesive is tacky, follow the instructions for membrane installation as WBA method.



*Ensure gun tip is clear at all times and canister is warmed in colder temperatures to maintain pressure.

*All information is provided as a guideline only. Cure-time and open-time are dependent on a range of variables: temperature, substrate being bonded, method of application and weight of product applied. Flex-R Ltd. highly recommends that testing is conducted prior to application.

4.4. Bonding Adhesive

For all vertical surfaces & inside angle changes, e.g. wall upstands, batten and skylight upstands.

Suitable for many porous and non-porous surfaces.

Available in brush/roller applied or spray applied format.

The area to be bonded must be dry and free from dirt & loose materials.

- Care should be taken to avoid mixing with WBA deck adhesive.
- Adhesive must be applied to both the substrate, and to the underside of the RubberBond material.

Once the field area has been adhered using deck adhesive, fold back the membrane to expose the clean deck perimeter, upstand, and underside of the RubberBond sheet.

Brush/Roller Applied

The adhesive should be thoroughly stirred before use. Coverage should be even. Avoid puddles, pools or saturated areas.

Spray Applied

Coverage should be even. Adhesive should be applied at opposing 90° directions on the substrate to the FleeceBack.

- Once adhesive is touch dry and doesn't transfer to a fingertip, mate the two surfaces together. Leave no voids between the RubberBond and the receiving surface.
- The bond should be consolidated by applying pressure with a roller.

*Ensure gun tip is clear at all times and canister is warmed in colder temperatures to maintain pressure.



4.5. HP250 Primer

HP250 primer **must** be used in conjunction with all pressure sensitive (PS) tapes/accessories. It should be applied to all areas where the PS tapes are to be installed.

- Ensure there are no naked flames near the product.
- Whisk HP250 primer before and during use to agitate any sediment in the container.
- Carefully open the can. Avoid damage to seal.
- To prolong the life of HP250 primer minimise exposure to air by decanting required quantity for the working day into suitable smaller airtight containers.
- Only use in dry and clean conditions.
- Apply the HP250 primer in a circular scrubbing motion, evenly and without puddles, using a lint-free cloth or clean brush.
- Once applied, immediately replace the lid on the HP250 primer. Allow primer to dry completely.
- When PS tape is in position, roll immediately using a 50mm steel hand roller.

*HP-250 Primer brushes and rollers should be replaced frequently.

*Precautions should be taken when using HP-250 Primer in cold weather conditions (below 10°C). Certain atmospheric conditions may cause condensation to form on the surface. If this occurs it is necessary to wait for better ambient conditions. Previously applied primer should be re-coated with a refresher coat.

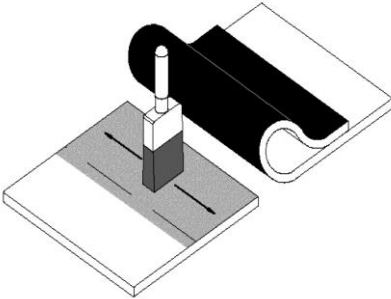
5. Pressure Sensitive Tapes

5.1. Membrane splicing Factory Applied Tape (FAT)

Once the RubberBond membrane is positioned and fully adhered to the substrate, the seaming process can be carried out.

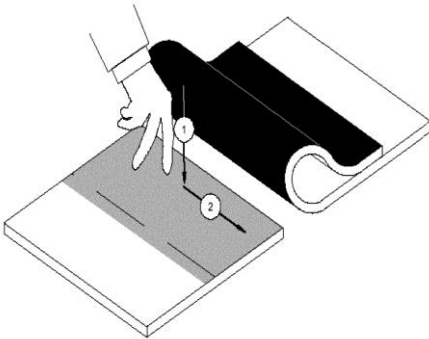
See following pages for diagrams.

Figure 1: RB-ST-1



1. Sheets must overlap inimum of 100mm. Mark the bottom sheet 5-10mm beyond seam. Fold back lap edge. Apply HP250 to target area of bottom sheet. Ensure HP250 primer extends 5-10 mm beyond seam position.

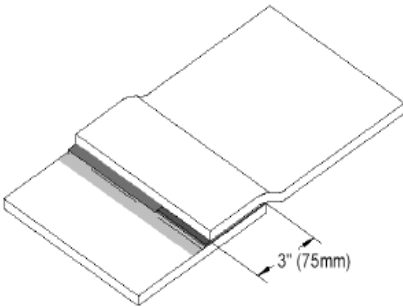
***When using separate Secure Tape, apply HP250 primer to both sheets.**



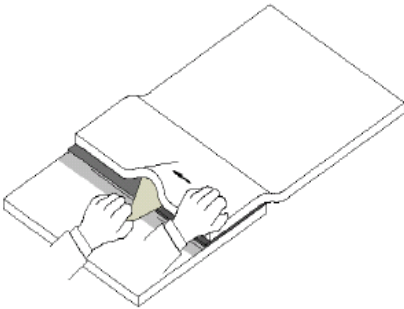
2. Test the primed area to ensure the HP250 primer is completely dry. A light touch should leave no imprint.

Figure 2: RB-ST-2

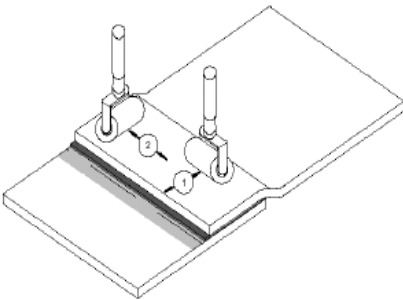
4. Leave cellophane backing in place and fold over the entire top lap edge, allowing it to sit in its natural position over the top sheet.



5. Remove the cellophane backing by pulling at 45° to the splice and smooth the overlap down by hand, removing any trapped air in the process.



6. Once in place roll the entire seam using a 50mm steel hand roller. Roll across and along the length of the seam. HP250 primer should be visible along the entire join.



Wherever FAT or Secure Tape seams turn up through an angle change, a cover patch must be applied using 228mm PS tape. This must be a minimum of 75mm either side of the join, 75mm onto the deck and 152mm up the wall (where the upstand allows).

Figure 3: RB-ST-3

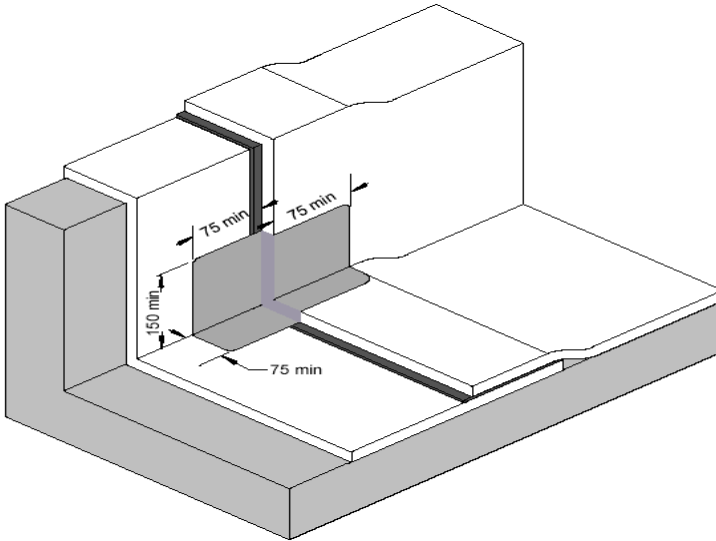
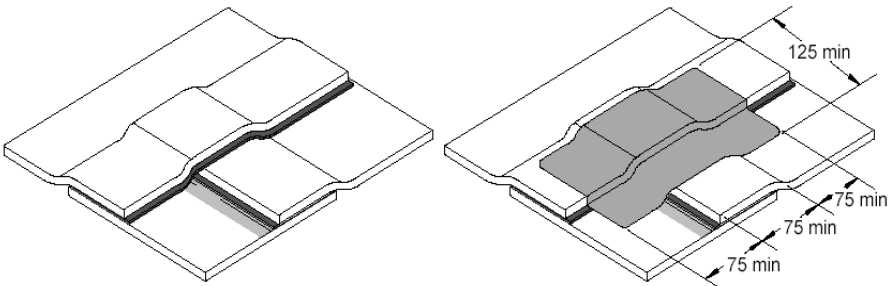


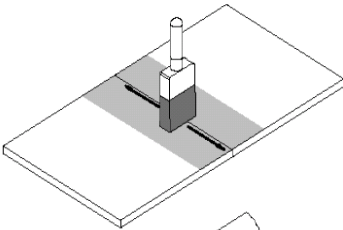
Figure 4: RB-ST-4



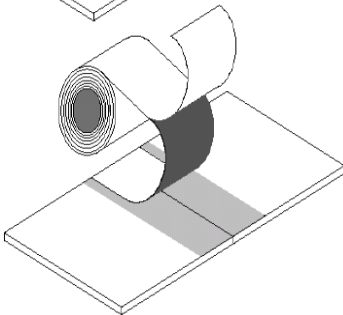
The 152mm tape is a semi-cured EPDM. It is not designed for use as a cover patch, nor is it designed to be moulded around or onto objects on the roof. For these, use 228mm PS uncured flashing.

5.2. 152mm (6") Cover Strip

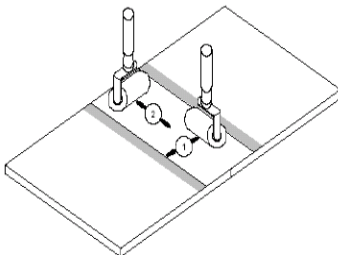
- This splice is for use at end laps (across the width of the sheet) or cut edges, for example, where there is no selvedge.
- Position the sheets so there is no gap between them to ensure the tape sits smoothly.
- Wherever 152mm Cover Strip seams turn up through an angle change, a cover patch must be applied using 228mm PS tape. This must be a minimum of 76mm either side of the tape, 76mm onto the deck and 152mm up the wall (where the upstand allows). This is done in the same way as the angle change for 76mm FAT.



1. Mark the membrane where the tape is going to be positioned, ensuring it will be centred over the joint. Apply HP250 primer to the target area.



2. When the HP250 is dry, position the 152mm tape to the marks, with the cellophane facing down. Peel off approx 0.5 metre of cellophane at a time and smooth out with a flat hand, forcing all the air out in the process.

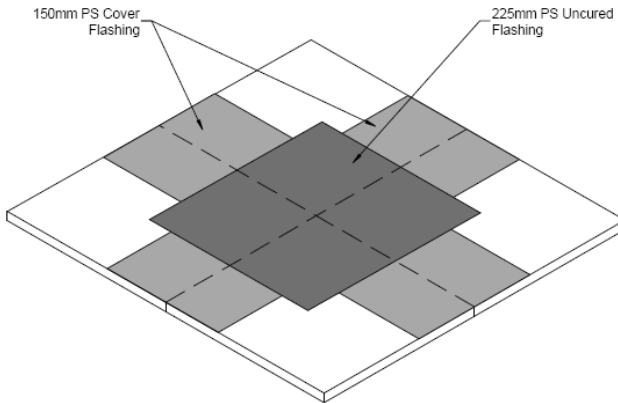


3. Using the steel hand roller, roll the tape.

If the tape becomes misaligned or the roll comes to its end, cut the tape and begin a new run with an overlap of 50mm and start the process again. Where this is done a cover patch of 228mm PS tape must be fitted over the overlap.

Where the 152mm tape is used and it meets or runs over a 76mm or another 152mm join or vice versa, a cover patch must be applied using 228mm PS tape. Cover patches must extend 76mm from the tape joining point.

Figure 5: RB-CS-2



The 152mm tape is a semi-cured EPDM. It is not designed for use as a cover patch, nor is it designed to be moulded around or onto objects on the roof. For these use 228mm PS uncured flashing.

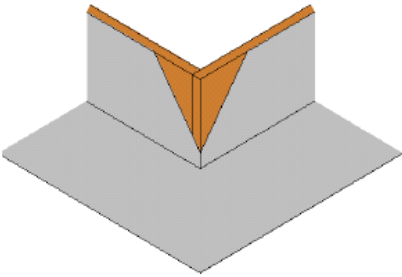
5.3. 228mm (9") PS Uncured Flashing

This tape is used for any detail work necessary on the roof. It has the ability to mould to almost any shape and will adhere to most surfaces, provided the surface is clean, dry, and correctly primed with the HP250 primer.

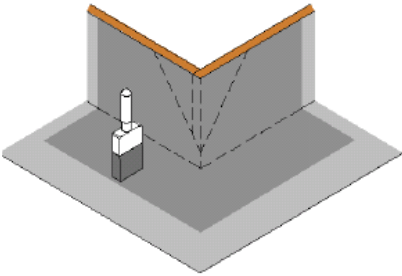
- To seal pipes, penetrations, corners and other details.
- Adaptable to irregular shapes and surfaces.
- Self-curing membrane.

5.3.1. External corner

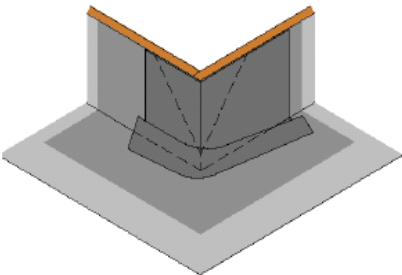
Figure 6: RB-EC-1



1. Cut the field sheet to allow membrane to continue round the corner with no tenting or creasing.

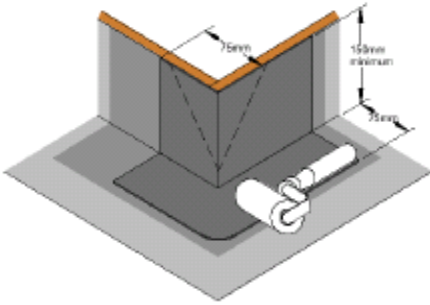


2. Apply HP250 Primer to the area to be flashed. The tape must extend 50mm beyond the cut membrane at its highest point, and 76mm both round the corner and to the deck.

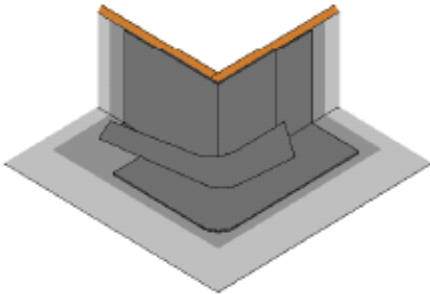


3. Once the primer is dry, remove the cellophane backing from the tape and install from the top point. Work the tape down the vertical surface, excluding any air. Press tight into the bottom angle to avoid bridging and trapped air. Smooth remaining tape onto deck evenly and uniformly.

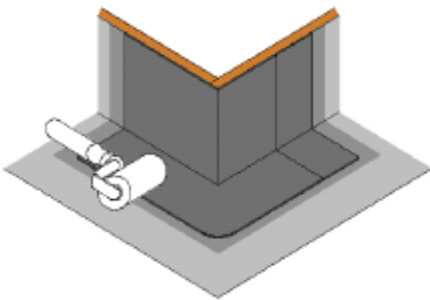
Figure 7: RB-EC-2



4. Roll the detail with 50mm steel hand roller



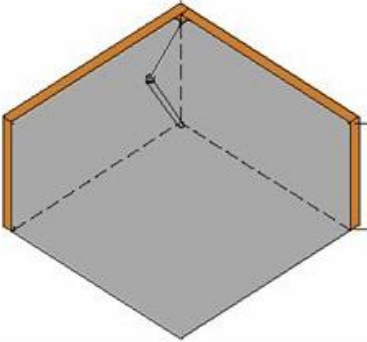
5. Repeat this procedure, starting from the other side to provide an overlap of at least 75 mm at the corner



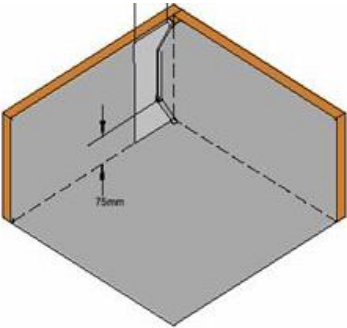
6. Roll the entire flashing to finish, ensuring the tape is pressed in fully to any steps to remove any openings.



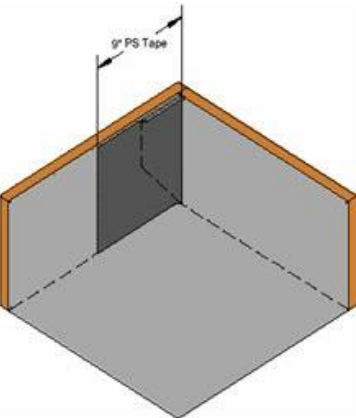
5.3.2. Internal corner



1. Adhere the RubberBond FleeceBack to the upstand. Form the excess membrane into a triangular fold and trim to desired height.



2. Trim the fold vertically 76mm from the corner. Prime the target area of the wall, and both the inside face, and front of the fold.



3. Cut the 228mm PS tape to size to seal the fold. The tape must extend 76mm beyond the fold. Apply the 228mm tape. Roll the detail.



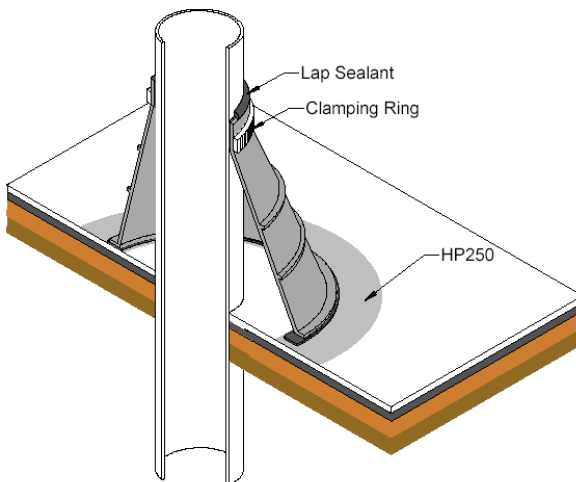
6. Pipe Seals

6.1. Pre-formed Pipe Seal

The pre-formed pipe seal is available in two sizes, to fit pipe diameters of 12.5 - 76mm or 25 - 152mm.

- To fit the pipe seal, determine the correct size and cut seal above the rib. Slide over the pipe. Secure in place with the clamp provided.
- Mark around the base of the seal where it sits on the membrane, raise the seal and prime the marked area. When the primer is ready, lower the seal, remove the cellophane film and adhere with hand pressure. Roll the PS area.

Figure 8: RB-PF-1



6.2. 228mm (9") PS Uncured Tape for Pipe Flashing

Pipes and roof penetrations can be sealed by using three pieces of 228mm Uncured tape moulded around the base of the protrusion.

For this, use

Base:

Two identical size flashings at:

Width = 228mm

Length = 76mm plus pipe diameter

Top:

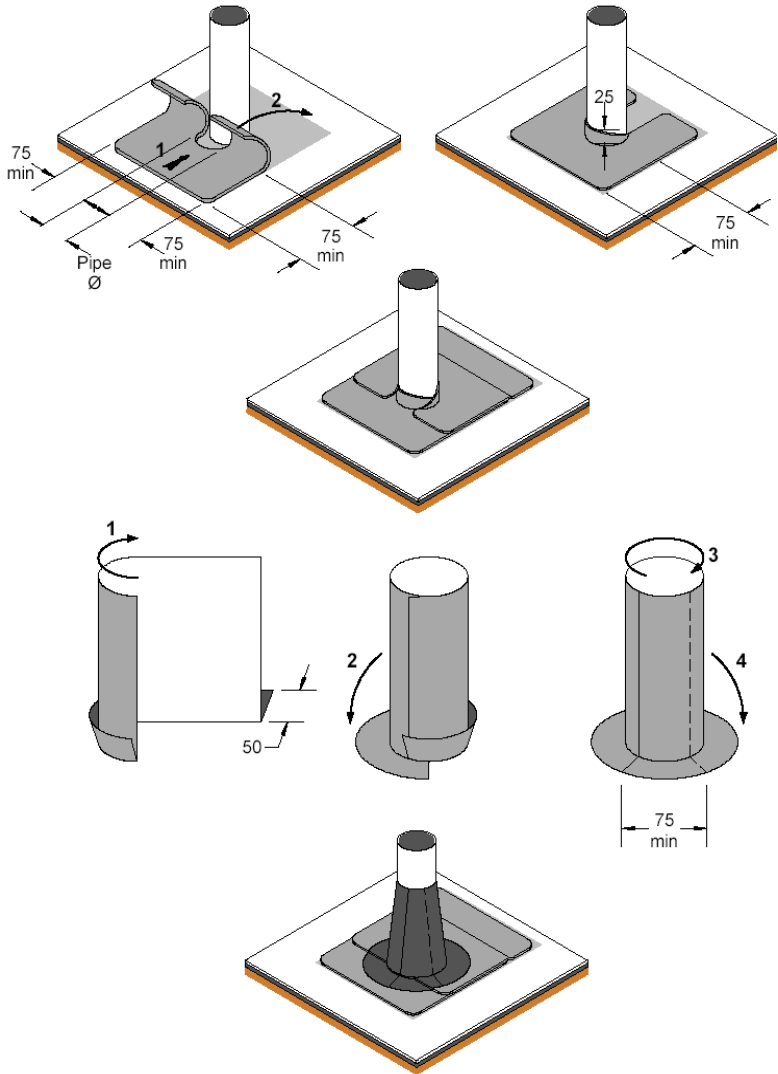
Width = 228mm

Length = 76mm plus pipe circumference.

Apply primer to all areas to which 228mm tape is going to be adhered, including overlaps and the pipe.

See Figure 9: RB-PF-2 on following page

Figure 10: RB-PF-2



7. Internal Drain

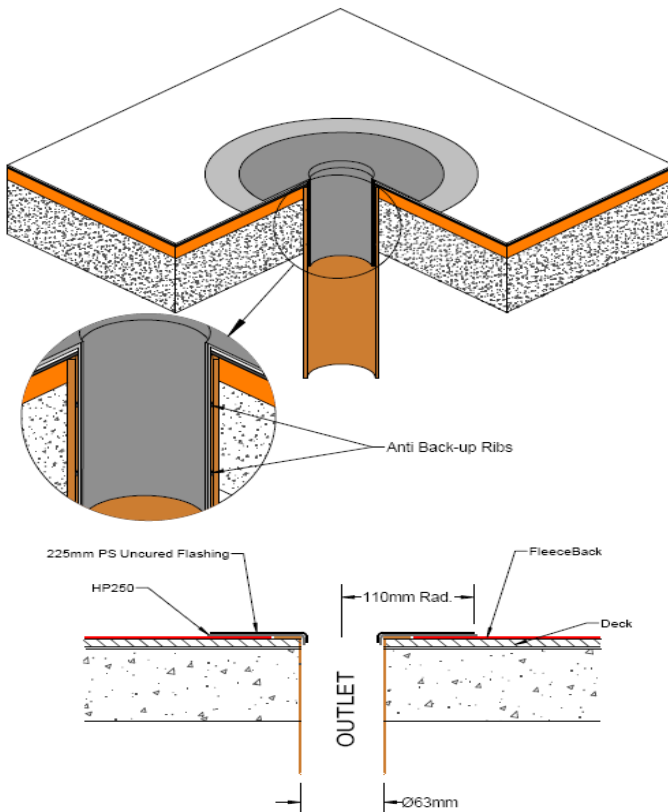
There are two basic methods for sealing to an internal drain. Pre-made outlets of various types can be used for standard outlets or an on-site method may be used for non-standard outlets.

7.1. Anti-back up drain for 68mm outlet

Designed to insert into the existing 68mm external diameter down pipe. The outlet is fitted with an anti-back up seal to achieve a watertight joint. Anti-back up drains are mechanically secured to the deck and sealed to the membrane with 228mm PS Uncured Tape.

Leaf grate for this outlet is available separately.

Figure 11: RB-D-1



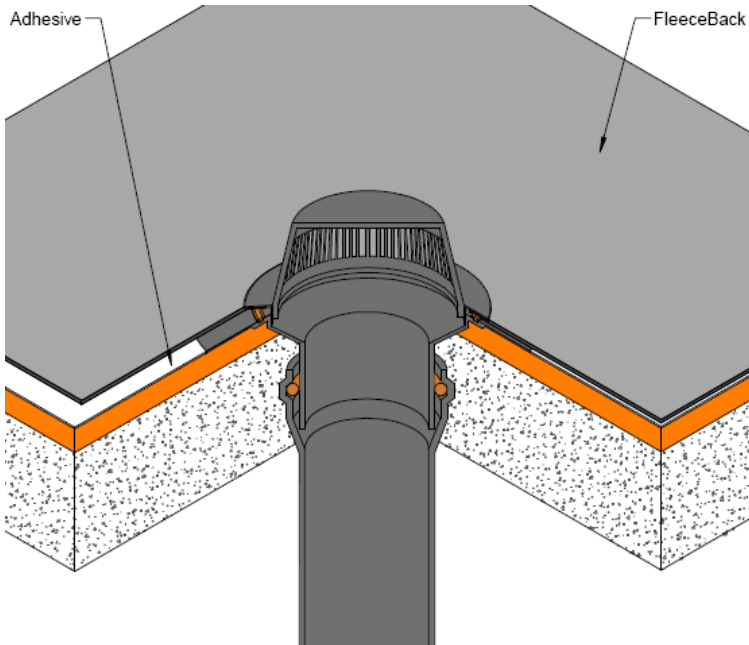
7.2. 110 Top Drain

Designed to couple to 110mm down pipes to allow high water run off. Top Drains are mechanically secured to the deck and sealed to the membrane with water cut off mastic and a clamping ring.

Clamping ring and leaf grate included.

Water Cut Off mastic available separately.

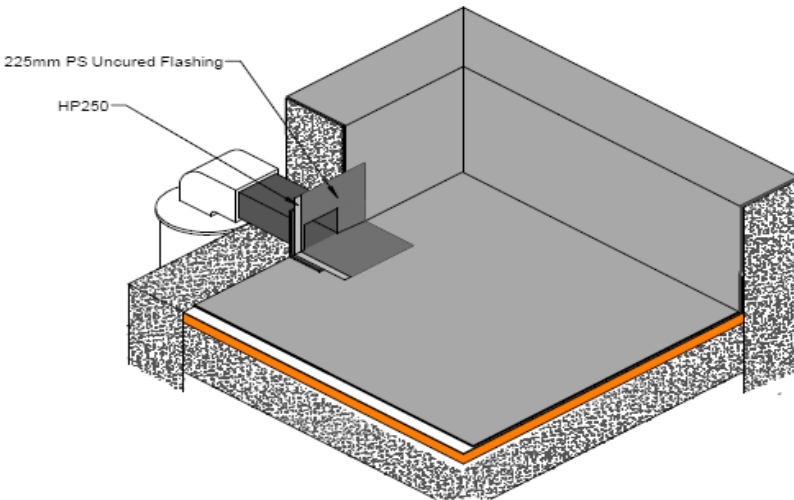
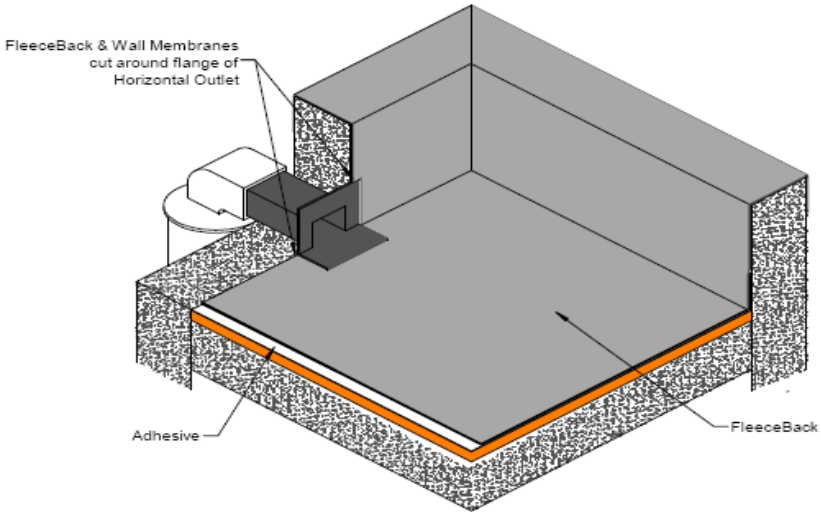
Figure 12: RB-D-2



7.3. Angled Roof Drain

Designed for horizontal installation through walls and pitched roofs.
Mechanically secure to the deck and seal to the membrane using 228mm PS
Uncured Flashing Tape.

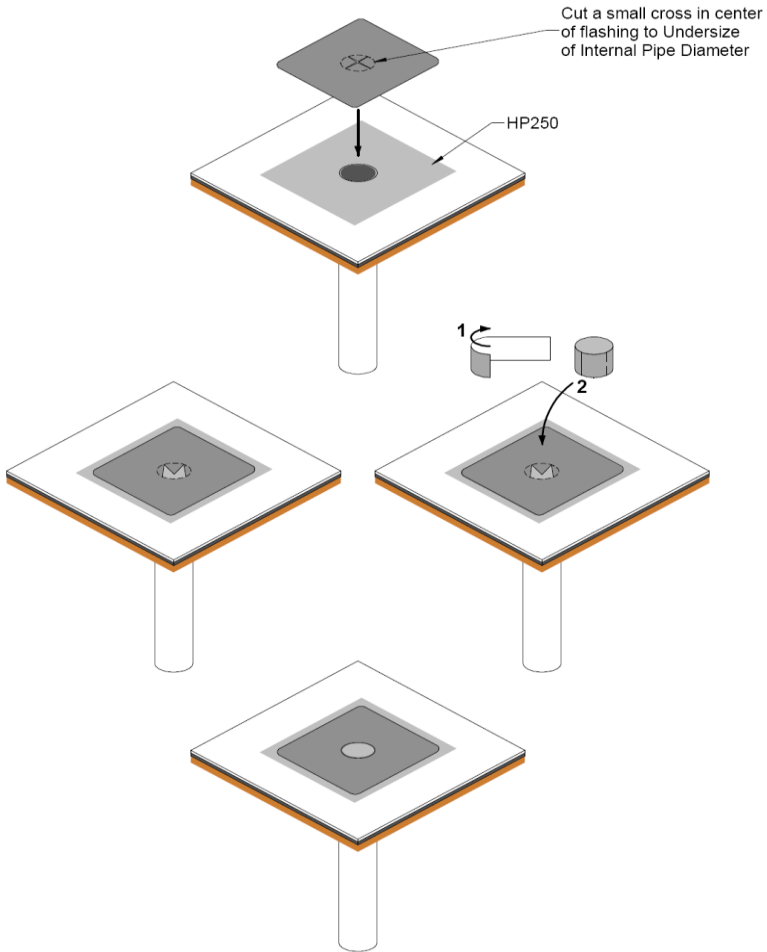
Figure 13: RB-D-3



7.4. For non-standard design

This method uses just the 228mm PS Uncured Tape to seal the membrane to the outlet pipe.

Figure 14: RB-D-4



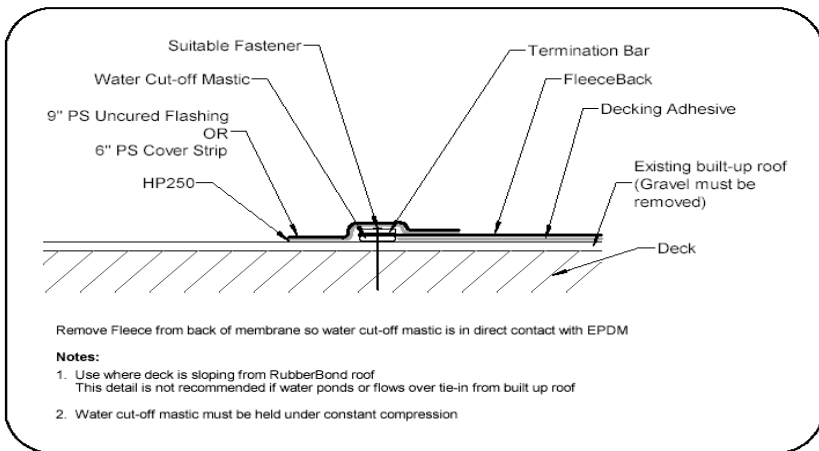
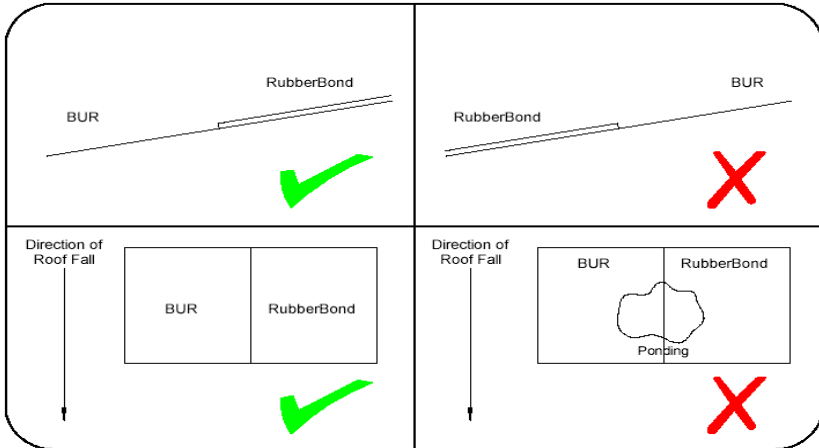
8. EPDM to BUR join

RubberBond FleeceBack may be joined directly to a neighbouring flat roof. The diagram below shows simple guidelines to follow in the planning stage of the roof. For alternative methods please consult the Flex-R Technical Department.

8.1. Cold tie-in

Termination bar and water cut off mastic.

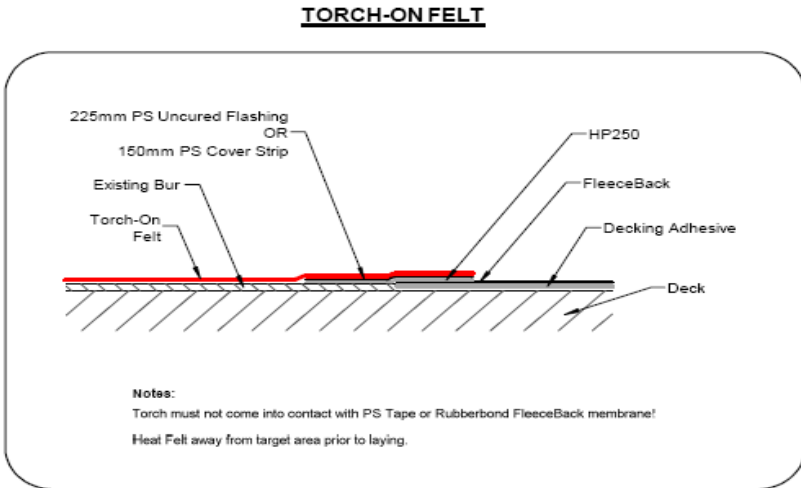
Figure 15: RB-BUR-1



8.3. Hot tie-in option 1

Torch on felt to tie in to PS flashing tape.

Figure 16: RB-BUR-3

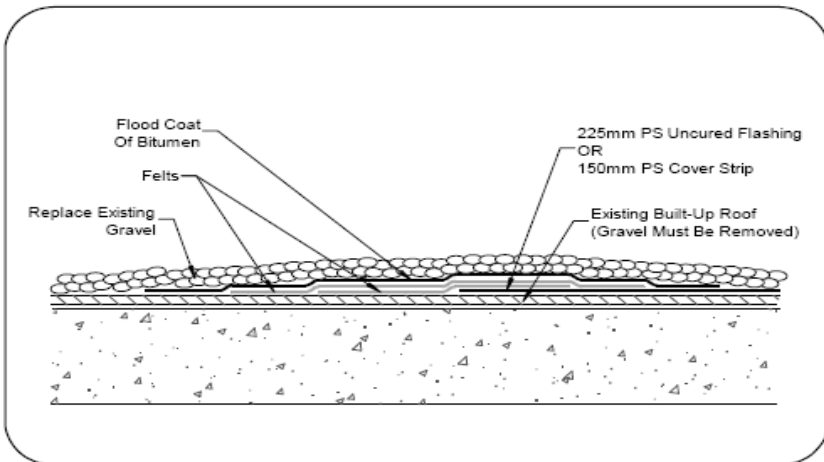


Flame must not come into contact with PS tape or RubberBond membrane. Heat felt away from target area prior to laying.

8.4. Hot tie-in option 2

This uses built up felt and hot tar to tie in to PS flashing tape.

Figure 17: RB-BUR-4



OPTION 1 - HOT TIE IN

9. Edge Terminations

9.1. Plastisol Metal Edge Terminations

Plastisol Edge Trims are available for gutter, check kerb, and wall terminations. They can offer more versatility and are available in multiple depths and colour choices.

9.1.1. Metal Drip Edge for gutter

The depth of the gutter metal edge trim should be aligned to the check kerb's metal edge trim.

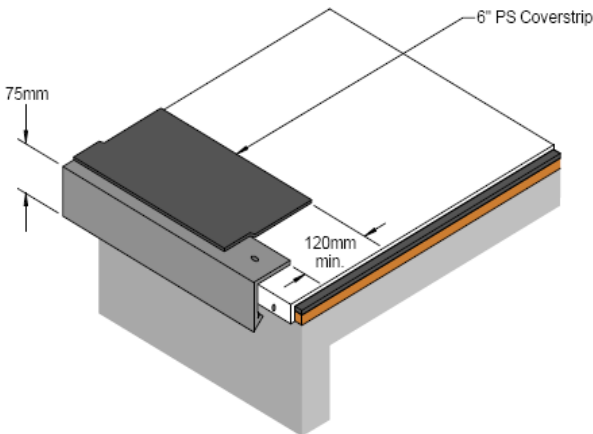
Typically the depth of gutter trims are 25mm less than check kerbs to accommodate the 25mm raised timber batten on the kerb edge.

E.g. A 100mm check curb edge raised on a 25mm x 50mm timber batten, requires the gutter metal trim to be 75mm to ensure a continuous bottom edge around the roof perimeter.

- Allow enough membrane to overhang roof edge by 50mm.
- Position the 75mm edge trim at the gutter edge, and fix downwards with suitable screws or ring shank nails into the decking at maximum 300mm centres, clamping the membrane to the deck.
- Seal the gutter trim to the RubberBond with 152mm tape and HP250 primer as detailed in section 5.2.

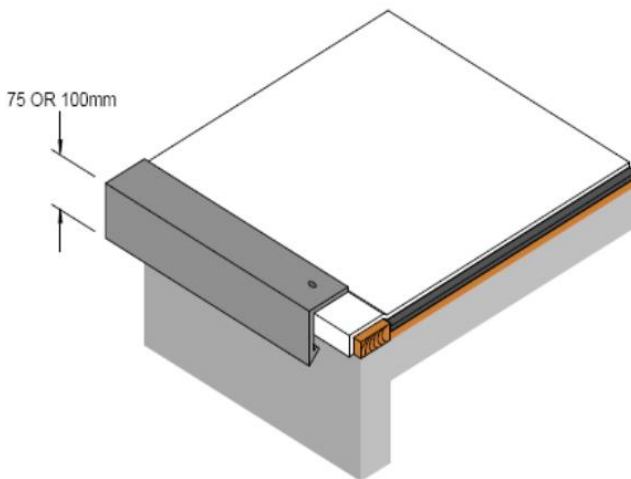
Note: If the roof is exposed, subject to high wind speeds or high level the fixings spacing's on the trims should be reduced to 150mm.

Figure 18: RB-GT-2



9.2. Metal Edge Trim Check Kerb Termination

- Installed over battens to create a check kerb termination.
 - Prior to membrane installation, a timber upstand should be fitted to the roof surface to bond membrane over. See 4.2
 - Secured with RB Fasteners 35/45mm. Maximum of 500mm centres.
 - The use of butt straps to link trims is recommended.
 - Standard. 75mm, 100mm, 125mm & 150mm. Non standard to order.
- Note: If the roof is exposed, subject to high wind speeds or high level the fixings spacing's on the trims should be reduced to 250mm.



9.1.2. SureEdge PVC Perimeter Trims

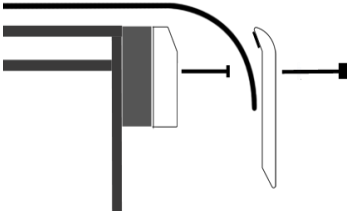
Full Installation videos available at: www.sureedge.co.uk

Gutter System

Available in two variants. Standard or Built-in-Batten back plate.

Standard requires back plate to be secured to timber batten.

Built-in-Batten back plate secures directly to fascia.



- Secure the back plate to the fascia at the roof edge.

- Ensure a minimum of 50mm RubberBond membrane to overhang the back plate.



- Position the front plate with foam seal to clamp the membrane between the 2 sections and fully fix into place with supplied fasteners.

Note: In areas of high wind, exposed areas and high buildings additional fixings between predrilled holes is recommended.

Gutter Trim Joiner

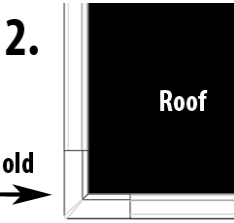
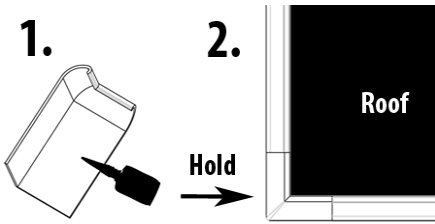


To install joiners: Hook the clip at the base of the joiner under the edge trim front plate. Once located, snap the top in to position.



Roofing the world for 50 years

Gutter Corners

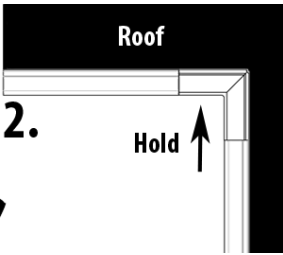
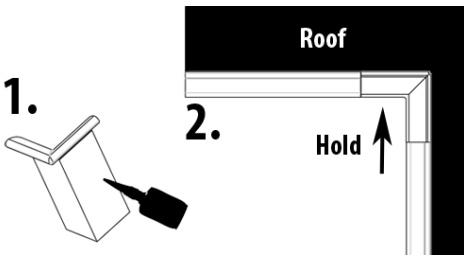


External

- Apply the adhesive to one side of the corner
- Position and apply pressure adhesive has set.

Internal

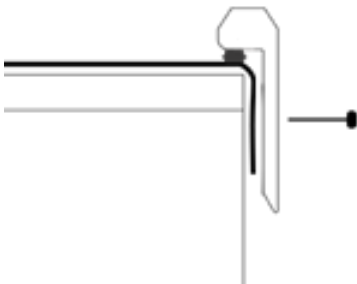
Apply the adhesive to one side of the corner.
Position and apply pressure until adhesive has set



SureEdge Check Kerb System

Create upstand and edge trim in one component.

- Install membrane and allow minimum 50mm overhang.
- Ensure membrane is clean, position edge trim and firmly push down to compress foam seal between 30-50%.
- Fix trim into place using supplied fixings.
- Allow 2.5mm expansion joint between each trim



Note: If a secure fixing cannot be achieved a timber fixer should be fitted to the vertical edge of the roof. In areas of high wind, exposed areas and high buildings additional fixings between pre-drilled holes is recommended.



Roofing the world for 50 years

Kerb Joiner



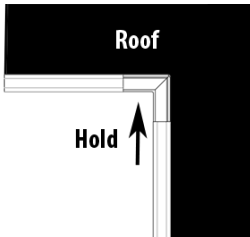
To install joiners, hook the clip at the base of the joiner under the edge trim front plate. Once located, snap the top in to position.

Internal Corner

1.

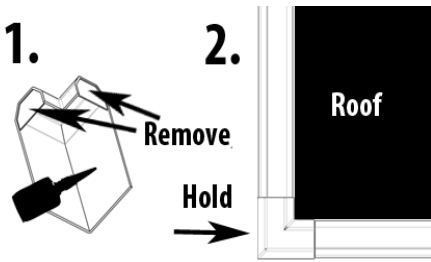


2.



- Mitre the trims so they fit together. A foam overrun, or lap sealant between lengths prevents water escape between them.
- Apply adhesive to one side of the corner.
- Position and apply pressure until adhesive has set.

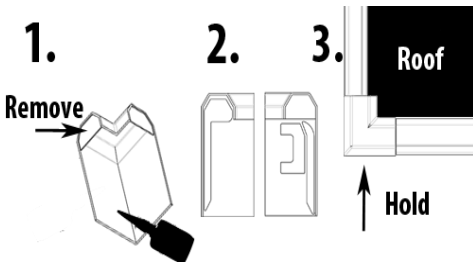
External Corner / Stop End



This universal corner is designed for both external check corners and stop end for gutter.

External Corner

- Mitre the trims so they fit together with either a foam seal or lap sealant.
- Remove the two blanking plates.
- Apply adhesive to one side of the corner.
- Position and apply pressure until adhesive has set.

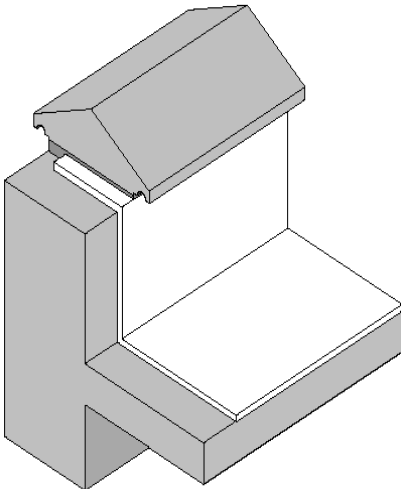
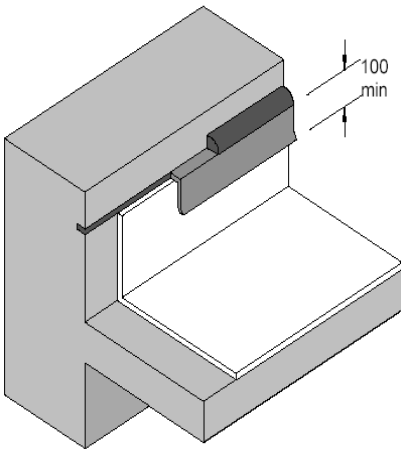


Stop End

- Remove one blanking plate for the relevant side
 - Apply adhesive to one side of the corner
- Position and apply pressure until adhesive has set.

9.3. Wall Terminations

Figure 19: RB-WT-1



- Cut chase into wall a minimum of 25mm depth.
- Insert wall trim into chase.
- Face fix using RB Fasteners 45mm, at a maximum of 500mm centres.
- Finish with an appropriate grade mastic along the top edge of the trim.
- Install the RubberBond across the top of wall 50mm short of outside face. Apply a bead of Water Cut Off mastic under the outside edge
- Lay the mortar bed from the rubber across to the outer brick wall to form a solid bed.
- Lay coping stones ensuring that they give suitable coverage over the wall.

10. Inspections

10.1. Basic Recommendations

- Remove all debris and unused materials.
- Clean any spilt adhesives.
- Check all flashings.
- Leave site clean and tidy.
- If leaving the roof temporarily overnight:
 - Store all materials in dry, cool and secure conditions.
 - Remove debris.
 - Check roof is properly sealed from any water ingress overnight.

10.2. Membrane Installation

- All decking/insulation fastened correctly using appropriate fixings.
- No gaps in decking greater than 5mm.
- Correct full adhesion, no bubbles or loose areas.
- No spillage of adhesives on the sheet.
- No bridging of material around perimeter upstands

10.3. Splicing with 76mm & 152mm tape.

- No wrinkles in the seams.
- All seams rolled immediately after application.
- 76mm tape is exposed between 5 – 10mm.
- HP250 primer is applied neatly without puddles and splashes.
- All cover patches installed.

10.4. 228mm PS Uncured Tape

10.4.1. External Corners

- Double flashing applied.
- HP250 primer applied properly to the entire flashing area.
- No bridging of 228mm tape through the angle change.
- No bubbles or openings.
- 228mm tape not punctured or cut.



- Rolled immediately after application.

10.4.2. Internal Corner

- Fold closed and held back correctly.
- HP250 primer applied properly and to the entire flashing area.
- No bubbles or openings.

10.4.3. Pipe Flashings

- Pipe Seal
 - Top of seal cut just above correct rib.
 - Pipe cleaned of all old material.
 - Jubilee clip fixed straight and tight.
 - Cover patches installed if required.
- 228mm PS Uncured Tape Seal
 - HP250 primer applied correctly
 - Pipe cleaned of old material.
 - Both base pieces overlap and extend up the pipe.
 - The top wrap piece overlaps by 76mm.
 - No bridging at bottom of pipe.
 - Rolled immediately after application

10.4.4. Internal Drains

- Angled Roof Drain
 - The edge of the main flat 228mm tape is 76mm from drain opening.
 - Inside of pipe cleaned, dry and entire flashing area primed.
 - Insert strip placed inside the pipe to extend flashing 76mm down inside the pipe.
 - Rolled immediately after application.

10.4.5. EPDM to BUR joint

- Area to join to clean and dry.
- T-bar fully fastened.



- Water cut-off mastic applied correctly. 152mm or 228mm tape applied over the T-bar from EPDM to BUR.
- No pooling at T-Bar.
- Water does not flow from old roof to new roof.

10.5. Roof Wall and Edge Terminations.

10.5.1. Wall Trim

- Top of trim a minimum of 152mm from deck.
- Fully inserted into wall.
- Mechanically fixed at 500mm intervals.
- Overlap of trim 76mm minimum.
- Mastic bead applied to the chase cut into the wall.

10.5.2. Metal Edge termination.

- All trims fixed at maximum 500mm centres.
- Butt straps inserted in joints.
- All cuts neat and straight.

10.5.3. Gutter drip edge Timber wrap

- Timber cut to 45 degree angle top and bottom.
- Depth of timber no less than 76mm when cut.
- Fixed at 900mm centres with correct fixing. (45mm long)
- Rubber wrap is tight and level with roof deck.

10.5.4. Metal drip edge

- Rubber does not extend past bottom of trim.
- Fixed at 300mm centres.
- Trim sits flat to deck.
- If fixed on top, 152mm cover strip applied.

10.6. Roof Coverings

- Where patio slabs or decking fitted, not sitting directly onto rubber surface.



- Decking not mechanically fixed through EPDM.

11. Repairs

- Repair mechanical damage, such as holes in rubber, with 228mm flashing tape.
- Perimeter of patch must be a minimum of 76mm from hole.
- If repairing membrane that has been in use for a long, clean with weathered membrane cleaner to give a good surface to which to apply the HP250 primer. Light dirt can be cleaned with soapy water and dried out.
- Rolled immediately after application.

Open-time and cure-time: All information is provided as a guideline only. Cure-time and open-time are dependent on a range of variables: temperature, substrate being bonded, method of application and weight of product applied. Flex-R Ltd. highly recommends that testing is conducted prior to application.

Temperature and Timings: All information on temperature and timings represent normal working conditions and is provided as a guideline only. However, please contact Flex-R for advice if you wish to operate outside of these parameters.

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